Tribes & Climate

National Tribal GIS Conference (NTGC)

SIPI, Albuquerque, NM

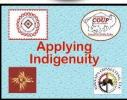
Margaret Herzog, PE, PMP, PhD (link)

Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)
Tribal Climate Resilience Program (TCRP)
(Sealaska MBS contractor)

Date: Thursday, November 17, 2016







Today! Four Part Round-Table Discussion

Climate Science

— How do we really know that the current disruptive rate of climate-change is caused by unprecedented Anthropogenic (human) factors?

Climate Impacts

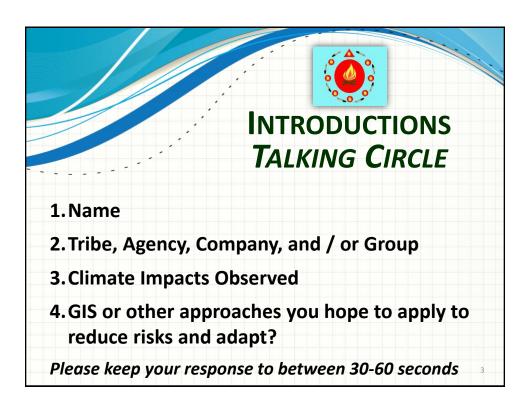
– Which parameters do climate scientists measure to determine departures from normal rates of change from the bottom of the ocean to the top of the atmosphere?

Building Climate Resilience – BIA Program & Tools

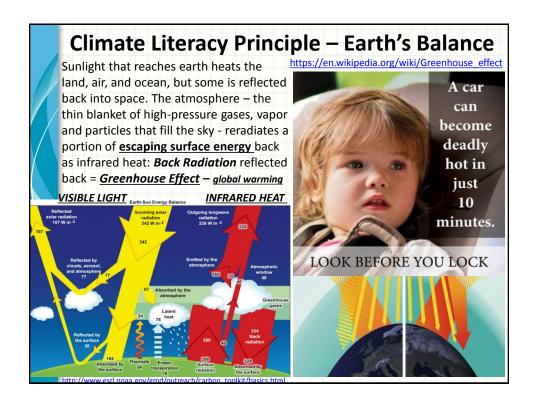
– Even if humans could transform to quit terraforming towards an inhospitable planet, much damage has already been locked in, so how do nations, regions, and communities mitigate and adapt to reduce risks and impacts now and into the future?

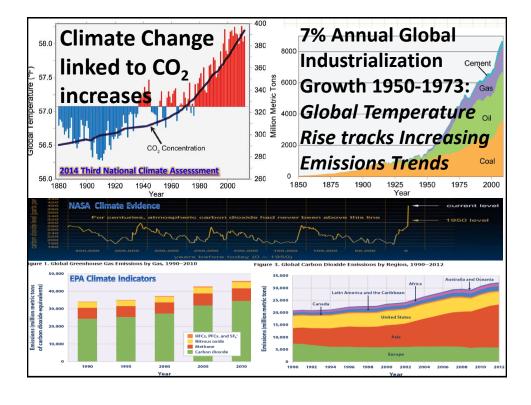
Role of GIS: Tribal Demos and Federal Data & Mapping

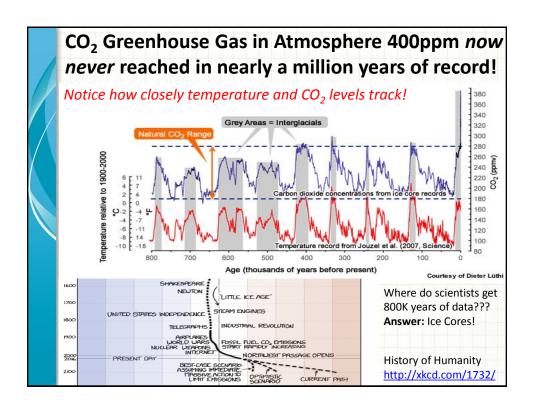
— Unlike any other great challenge, our actions are directly responsible for the climate crisis, so how can GIS professionals help?

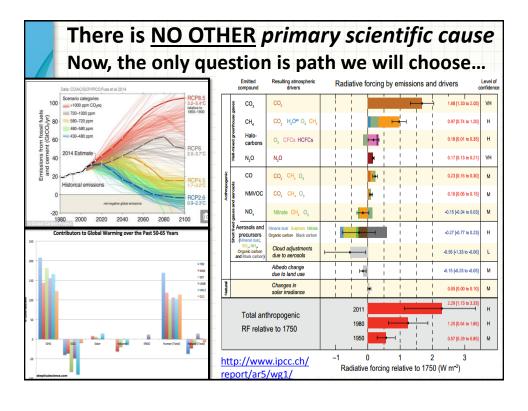


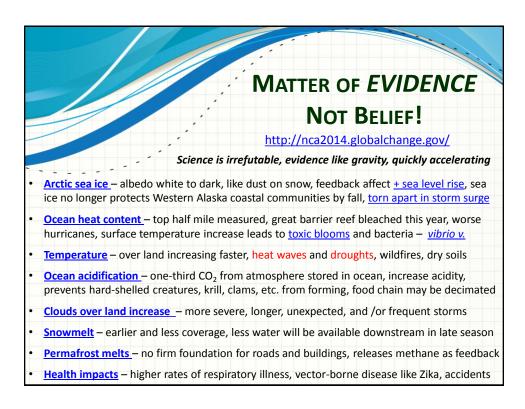


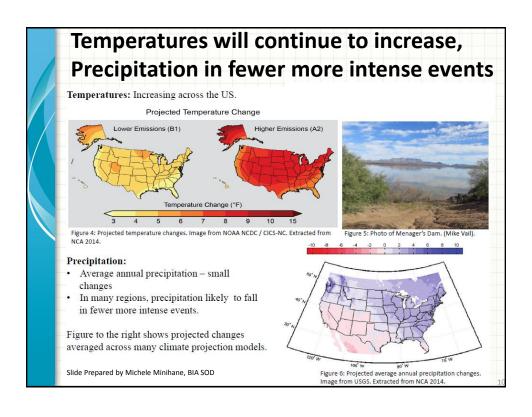


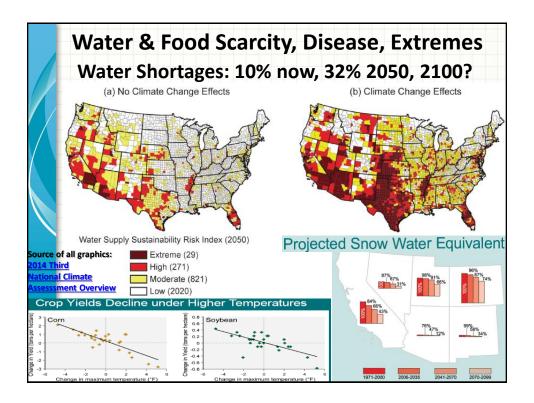


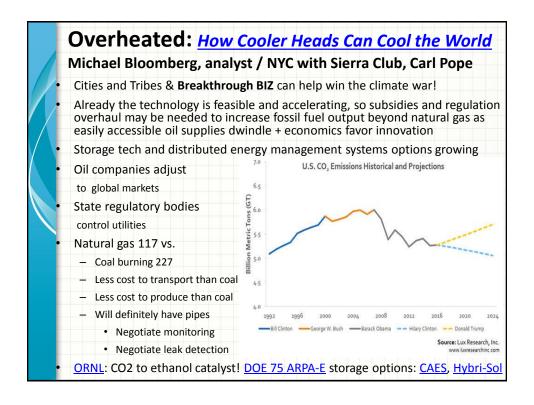


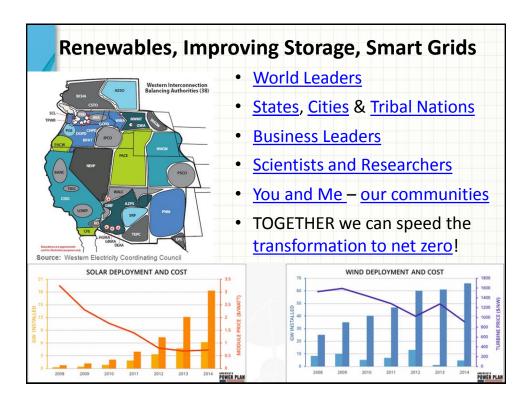




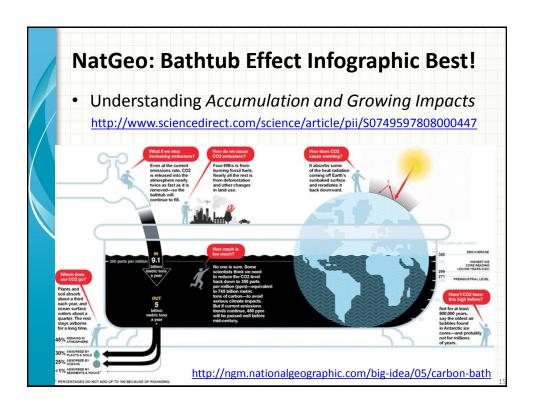


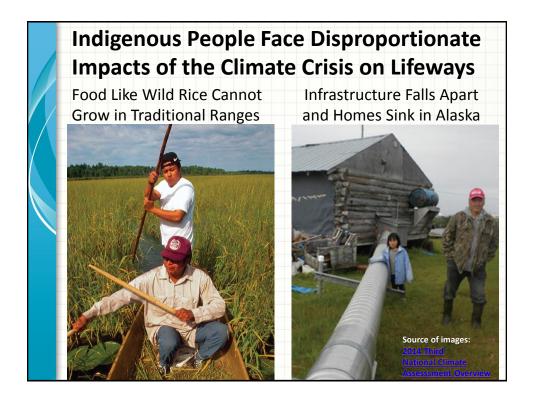












Dan Wildcat has issued a RED ALERT to all!

- Learn from non-"weeds" who've lived in symbiotic relationships with nature from time immemorial
- Deep awareness and communication with all living beings as relatives vs. reductionist science by discipline
- "Learning by doing"- everything is an experiment evolving in concert and pace with ecosystems of place
- Those in constructed reality forget about <u>emergent</u>
 <u>properties</u> of complex systems; even the smallest
 neglected interrelationship or feedback may impact
- No dualisms / dichotomies many paths & ways
- Combat lack of imagination with <u>INDIGENUITY</u>!
- Tribal GIS Professionals must play their role!!

Alert!: Saving the Planet with Indigenous Knowledge by Professor Wildcat, Haskell Env Prog

Tribes will not make decisions based solely on Climate & Weather

- Tribes must be able to integrate climate information with their other value drivers
- Information must be relevant to their values & motivations
- They must trust the information source
- Adaptation is easiest understood through a resilience lens and a path walked by others

Per NOAA David Herring on Climate Resilience Toolkit WebEx 6/10/15 presentation



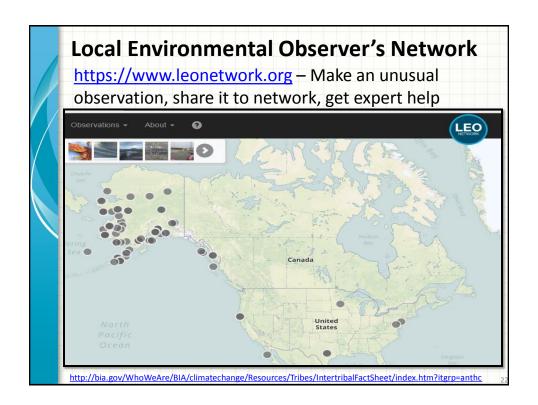
Energy Costs

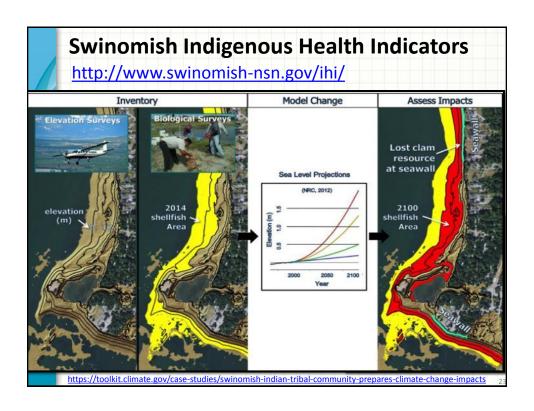


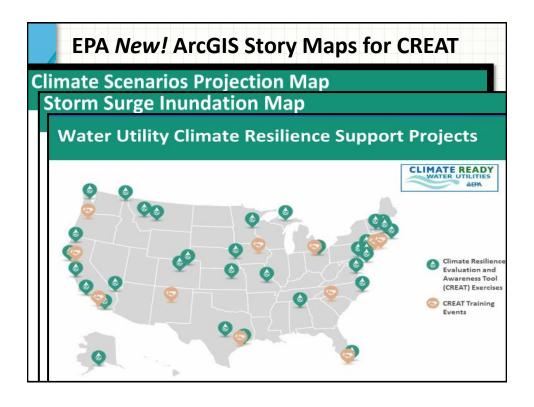
St	rategies for Building http://toolkit.climate.gov	
1.	Assessment and Planning	Jump from
2.	<u>Adaptation</u>	Tribal Fact Sheet
3.	Mitigation	to Tribal Nations by selecting an Example or Tool!
4.	Disaster Risk Reduction	
5.	Relocation	
6.	Capacity Building	
7.	TRIBAL HEALTH	Tribal Climate Resilience Resource Guide
	(new topic under considerat	tion)

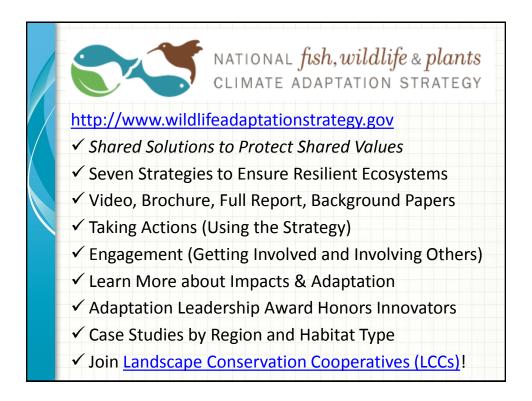
1. Climate Adaptation Planning & Assessment

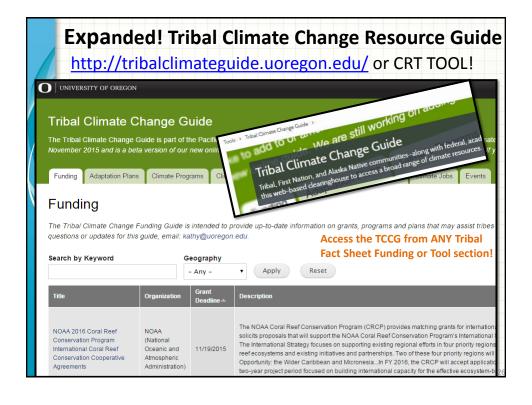
- Best way to maximize ability to mitigate, adapt, and respond to disasters is through integrated planning and iterative assessment activities
- Methods favored
 - Community-based climate education and valuation
 - Elders involved in policy development to incorporate traditional beliefs, value systems, tech, and protect holders
 - Continually improve all aspects of community resilience
 - Incorporate models agreed upon by all, talking circles
 - Focus on community health, medicine wheel concept
 - Take advantage of self-determination and sovereignty to continually improve policies and regulation to maximize benefits
 - Partner with federal, academic, state, local, non-profit and tribal
 - Leverage resources in community and from without systematically

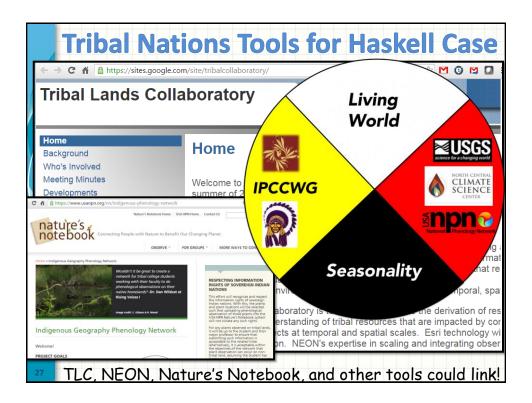








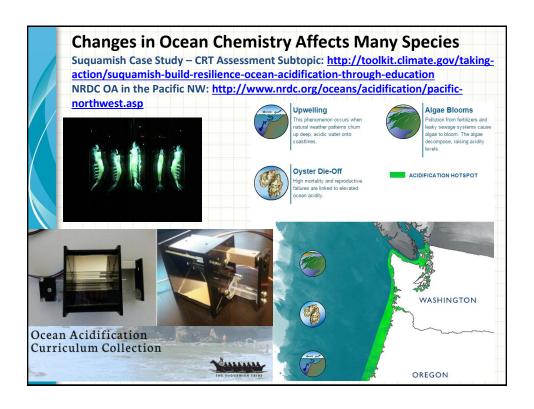


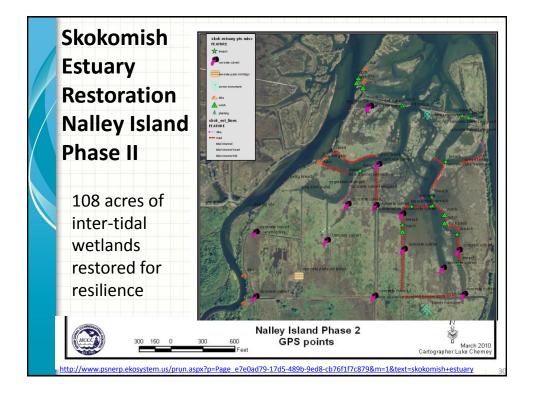


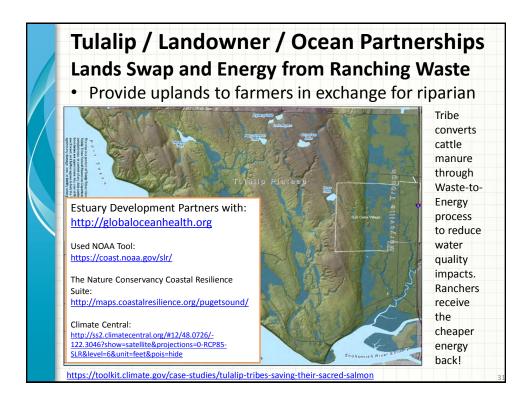
2. Tribal Adaptation Efforts

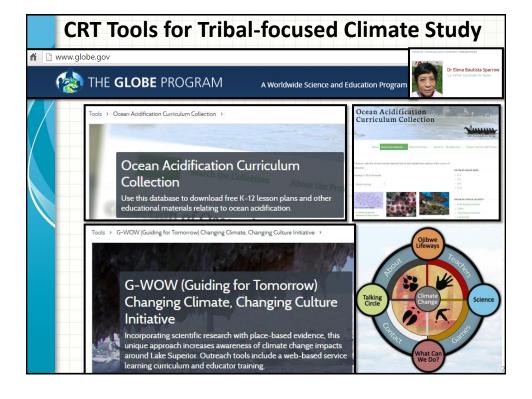
http://toolkit.climate.gov/topics/tribal-nations/adaptation

- Climate impacts already occurring and projections ascertain much worse is already "locked in", so tribes are doing their best to adapt despite constraints
- Methods favored
 - Shifting Species substitution, assisted migration, seed banks
 - Invasive Species removal, <u>managemen</u>t, reuse, acceptance
 - Cultural Resources coastal & stream bank protection, <u>THPO</u>
 - Cultural Continuity <u>STEM students</u> with language & culture
 - Elders and Knowledge Integration methods to use power of deep observation and understanding of connectivity, naturebased/honoring, ecological / technological progress (CSKT)
 - Networks and Partnerships <u>Inter-Tribal</u> policy through consultation, <u>standing groups</u>, and <u>NCAI</u> / <u>NARF</u> nationwide





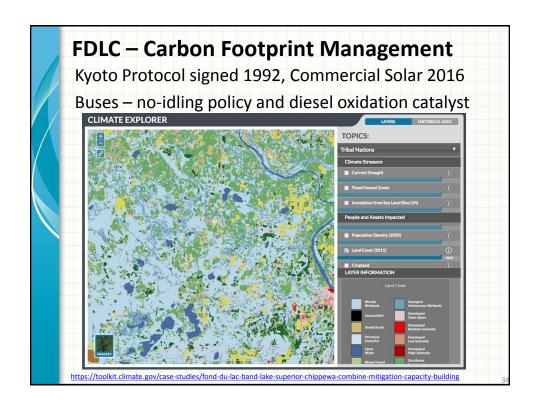




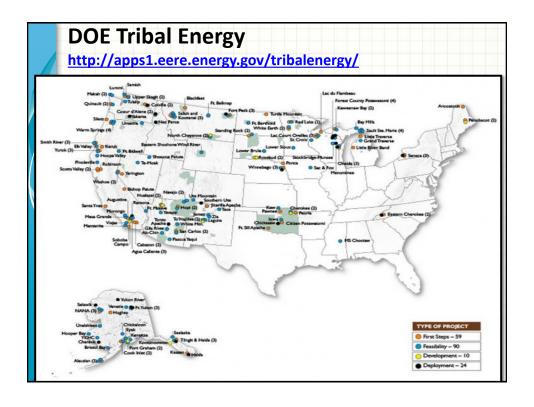
3. Tribal Mitigation Efforts – Best hope!

http://toolkit.climate.gov/topics/tribal-nations/mitigation

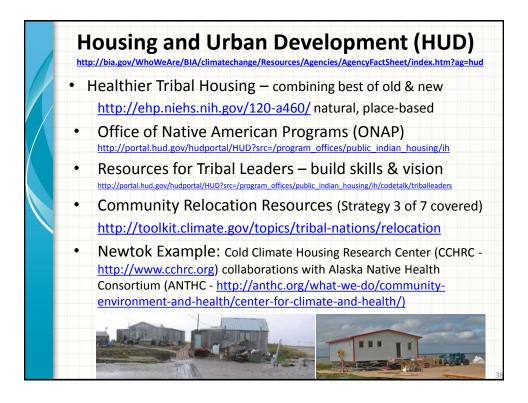
- Reduce causes of future climate change, esp. CO₂
- Less adaptation needed, if less heating occurs
- Methods favored:
 - Casinos and administrative building zero net energy (<u>FDLC</u>)
 - Food waste composting from casinos, schools and farms (<u>Tulalip</u>)
 - Energy efficient, zero-net buildings, school greenhouse 2 elders
 - Solar roof-top installations and micro-grid applications (<u>BLR</u>)
 - Tribal governments set their own policies, beat COP21 goals!
 - Electrical vehicle plug-in stations and rebates, mass transit
 - Climate education integrated with native language and ways
 - Partner with government agencies: DOE, HUD, USDA, EPA
 - Save money by paying less in long-term energy costs
 - Not dependent on outside utility or strong partnership with it
 - Less affected by extreme weather and economic downturns







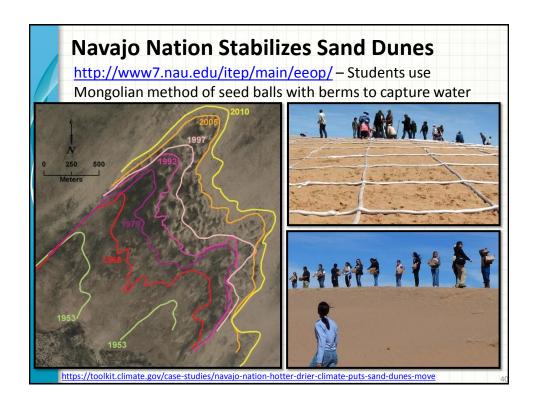




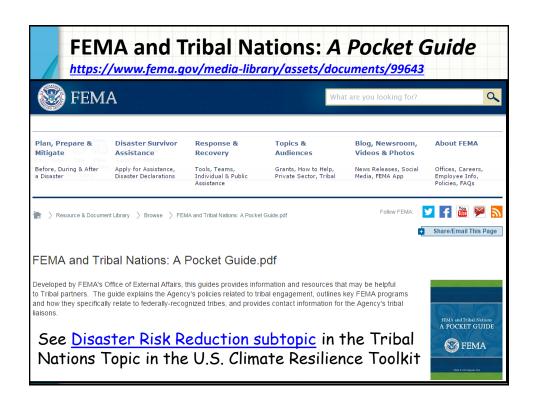
4. Tribal Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) Efforts

http://toolkit.climate.gov/topics/tribal-nations/disaster-risk-reduction

- Extreme weather already disproportionately affects marginalized populations, while climate change will cause more frequent, more devastating impacts
- Methods favored:
 - Discouraging new development or post-disaster redevelopment in vulnerable areas to reduce losses
 - Planning for transportation, including roads and bridges
 - Effective evacuation planning, including the deployment of early warning systems, drought planning triggers
 - Creating multiple evacuation routes and supplies
 - Coordination across jurisdictional boundaries
 - Increasing leadership training and community support
 - Hazard mitigation planning (pre-approved FEMA plan best)



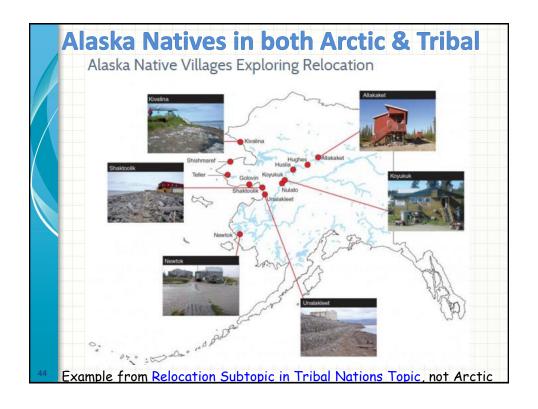
Manage Floods & Droughts as Single Issue Too much and too little water on the landscape must be approached as a single, inter-related, management issue More Intense Floods rip up / overflow banks and uproot vegetation leads to sand mobilization and soil / bank erosion, sedimentation water quality degradation, damages WT/WWTF infrastructure Methods Favored - Plant TREES! esp. in urban areas!! Reconnect fp, wetlands, veg and structures to capture every drop Reduce downstream flooding with upstream storage (rights) Store snowmelt that is now or will soon become rain, control ET Store higher on landscape to trickle down in later dry season Do not drain directly to stream or culvert, plan buffer strips Low-Impact Development (LID) – <u>UDFCD Volume III manual</u> Implement policies and tech for rain-water harvesting (<u>Tuscon</u>) - Examples: Hopi Raincatchers & Navajo Sand Dune Restabilization

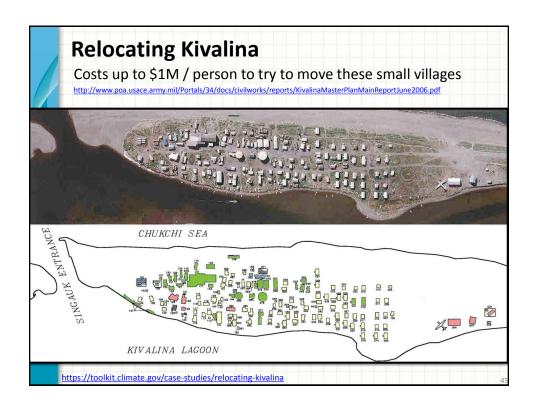


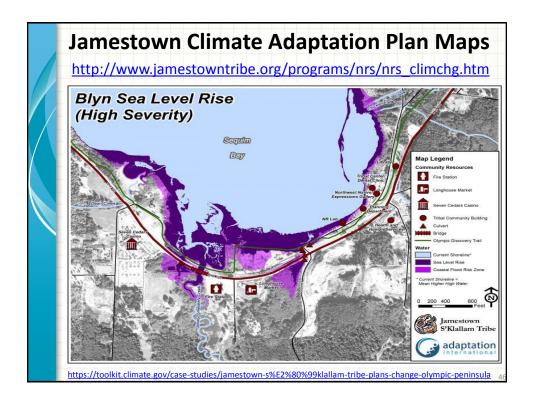
5. Tribal Relocation Efforts

https://toolkit.climate.gov/topics/tribal-nations/relocation

- Sea Level will rise due to thermal expansion and melting ice sheets, sea ice, and glaciers
- Storm surge and higher tides sunny day flooding, salt water intrusion, lake push-up flooding, salt topping
- Methods favored:
 - Discouraging new development or post-disaster redevelopment in coastal areas
 - Beach nourishment cost increasing and sand becoming scarce
 - Seawalls, pumps, dikes, berms, breakwaters sand collects
 - Raise buildings or move them back
 - Restore natural estuaries, coves, mangroves, sea grass





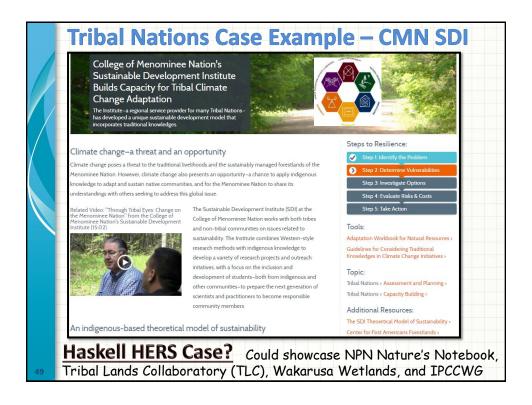




6. Tribal Capacity Building Strategy

http://toolkit.climate.gov/topics/tribal-nations/capacity-building

- Economically, Historically, Physically and Circumstantially Tribes are disproportionately vunerable to climate shocks and surprises
- Methods favored
 - Use all federal, state and local government programs at the
 Tribes disposal (Mescalero example, CMN SDI example)
 - Casino tribes typically have more resources and networks
 - Provide culturally-appropriate opportunities for outsiders
 - Build coalitions among environmentalists and/or landowners that share common interests (<u>Rooted in the Mountains</u>, <u>Tulalip</u>)
 - Elders must be continually involved in expanded youth action
 - Youth must serve the elderly with school produce and meals
 - Systematically learn and apply the principles of Network
 Weaving: http://www.orgnet.com/BuildingNetworks.pdf

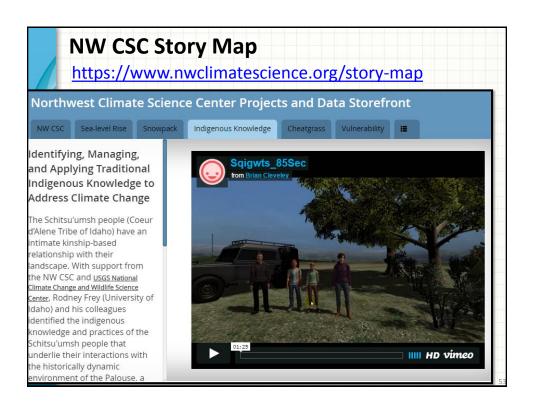




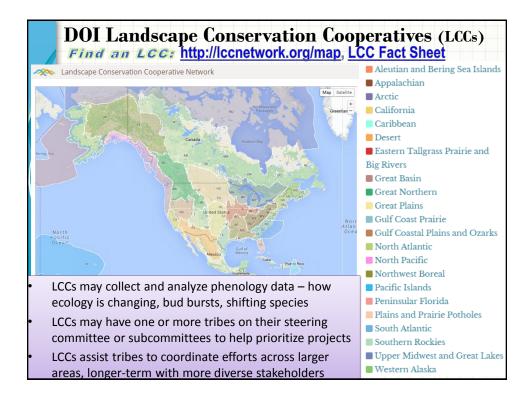


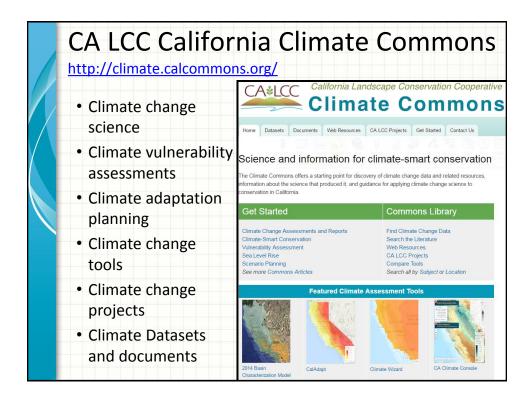
DOI Climate Science Centers Support Tribes

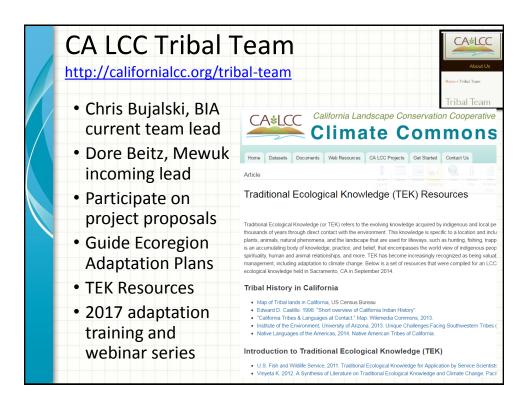
- ✓ BIA Tribal Climate Liaisons being placed in each CSC
- ✓ Tribal reps help guide Advisory Committee on Climate
 Change and Natural Resource Science
- ✓ Climate Research Projects and Training for Tribes
- ✓ Download climate data and research reports
- ✓ <u>Guidebook for Traditional Knowledges, and a Primer</u> for Climate Change and Indigenous Peoples
- √ Some TCUs and tribes serve in CSC consortiums
- ✓ Work with your CSC to ensure in 5-year reauthorization TCU, tribes or intertribal groups become consortium members



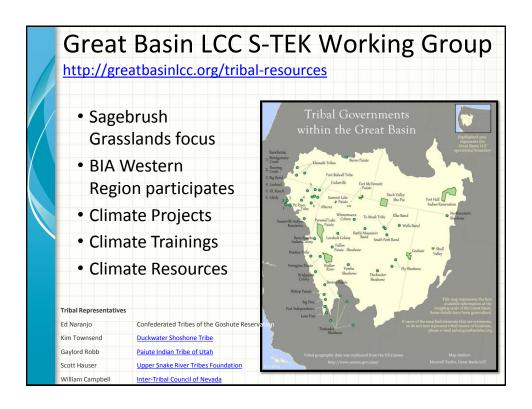


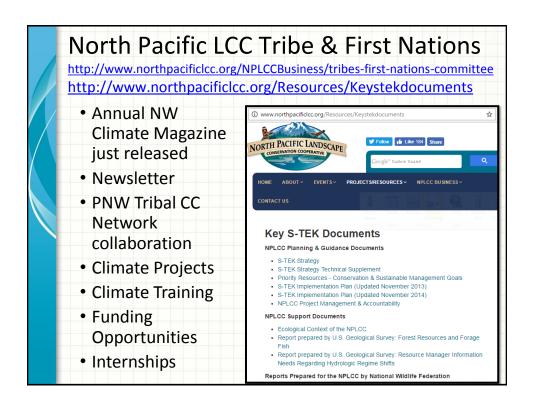


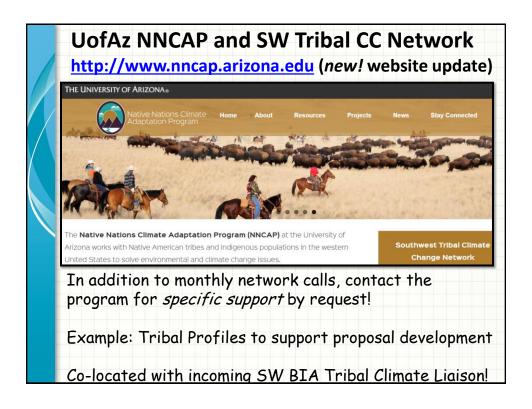






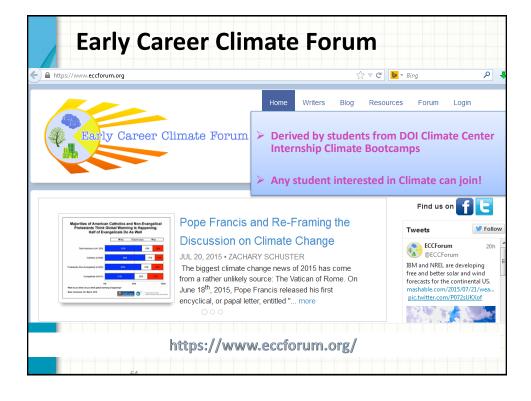


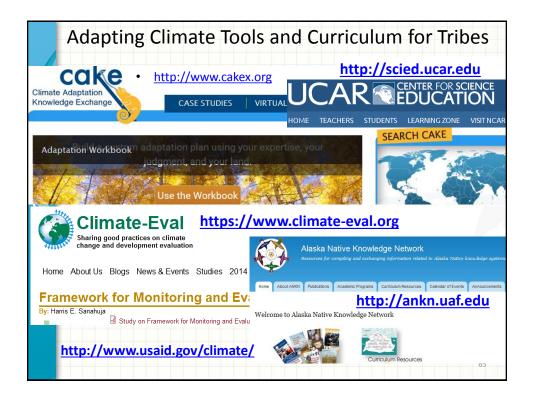




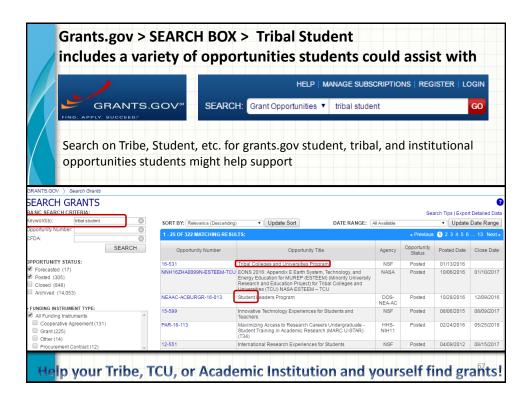


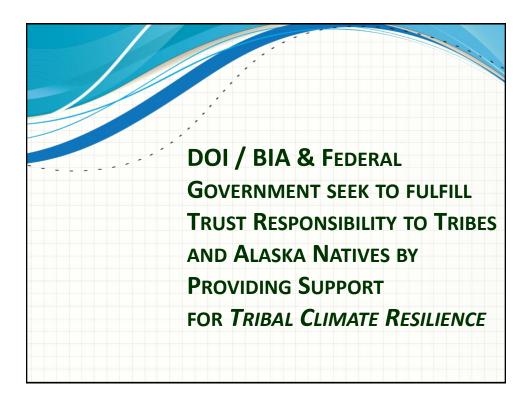






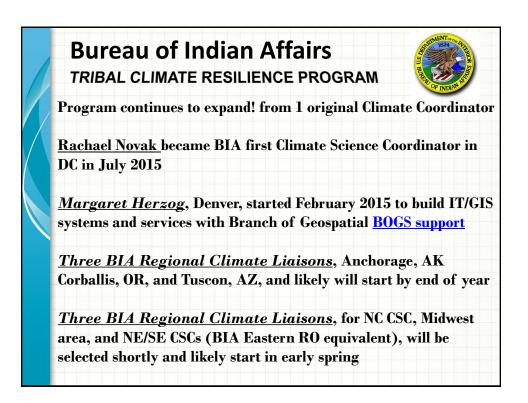


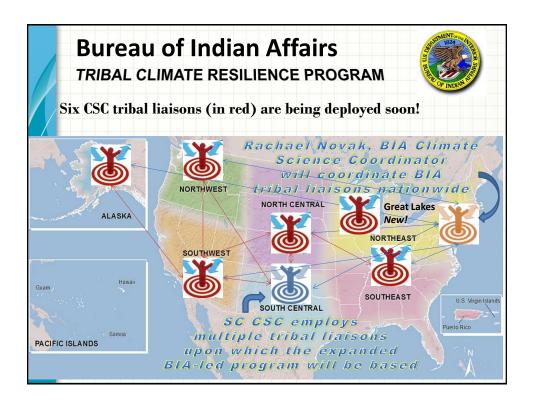




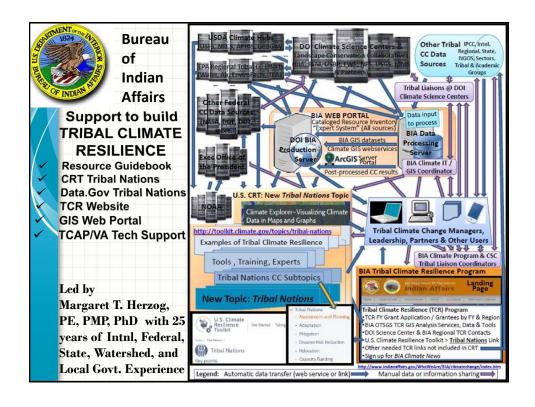




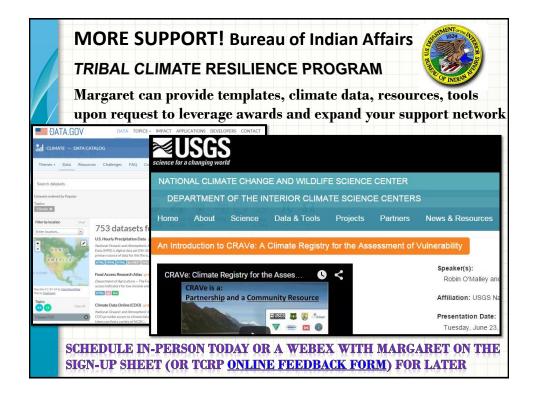


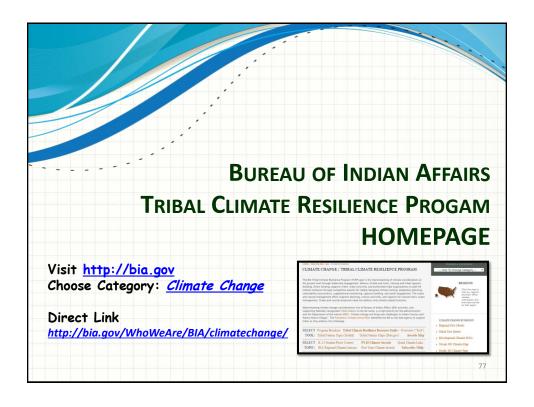




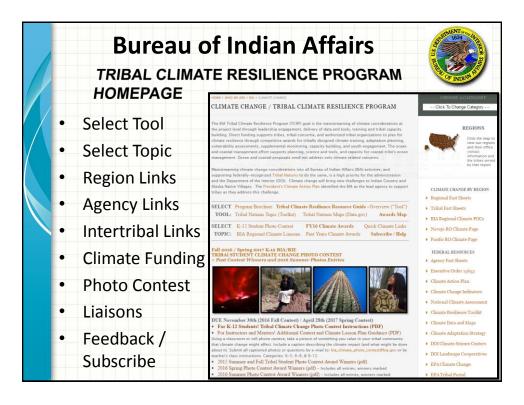


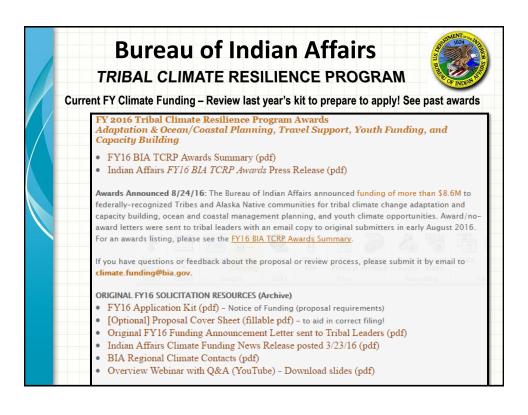


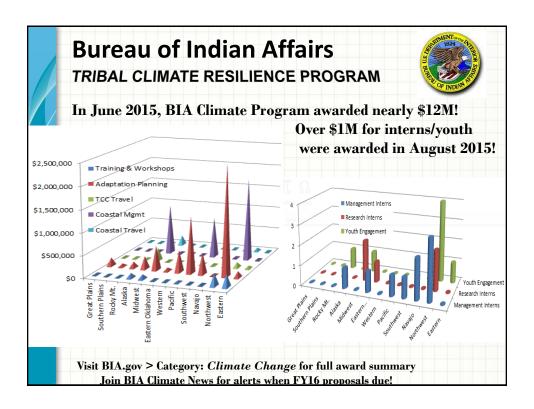


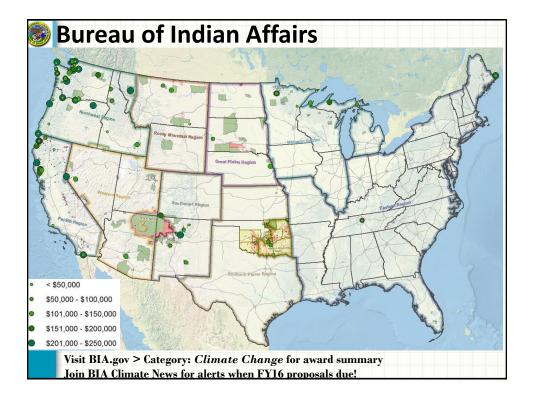


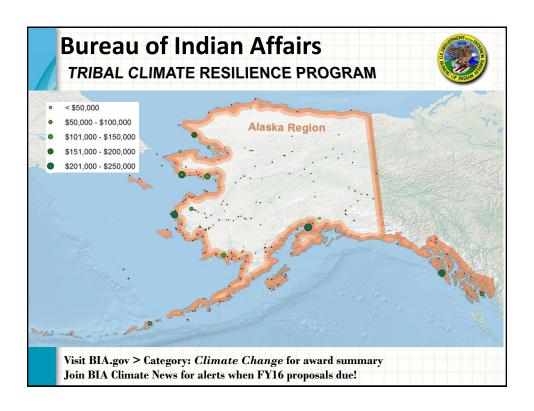


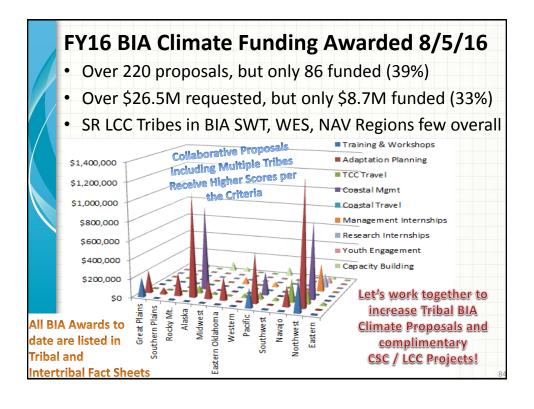


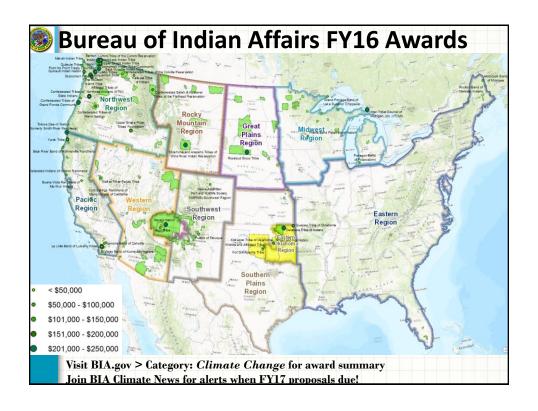


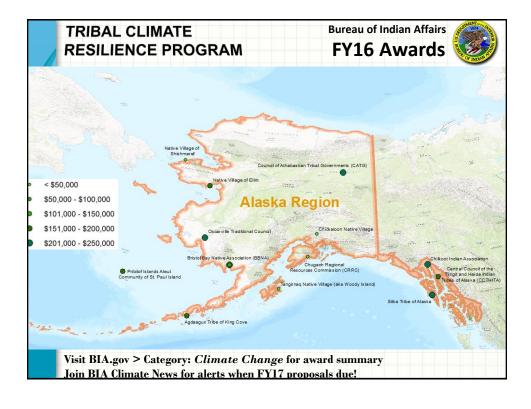


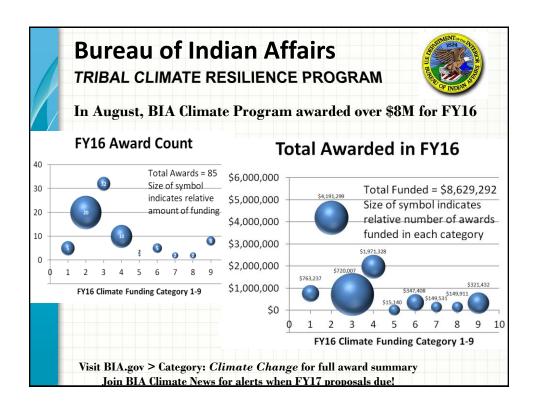


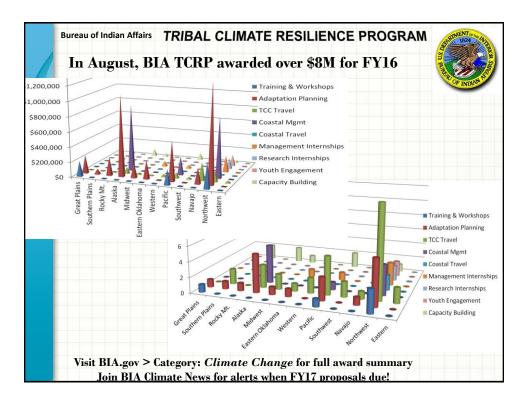


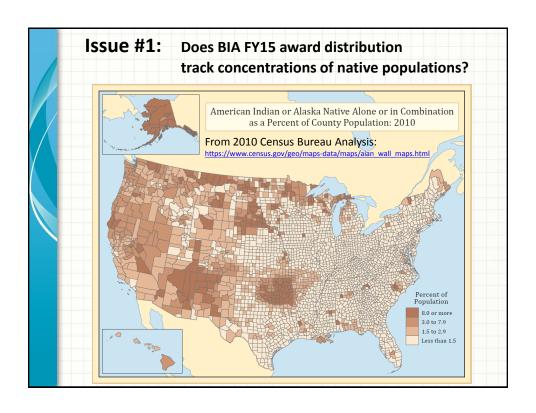


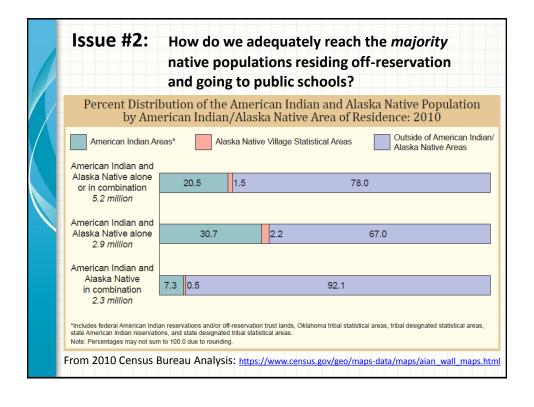


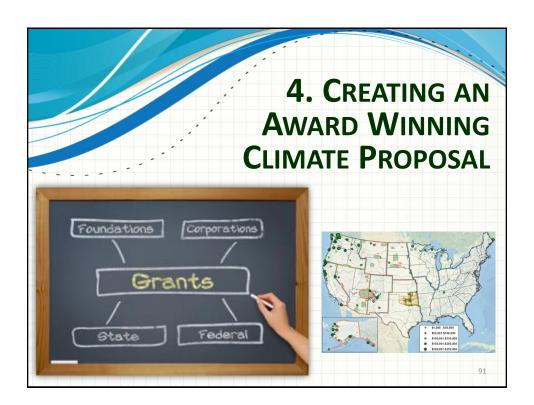












Steps for Winning an Award

- Obtain Climate Adaptation Training
- Attend Tribal Networking Meetings
- Review Climate Adaptation Plans
- Select an appropriate model with community input
- Discuss climate issues and emphasis with community and all other departments
- Find agency, inter-tribal, and local & state partners
- Associate with academic institution, non-profit, and / or private / public climate adaptation consultant
- Hire Climate Coordinator and volunteer support
- Continually work with all stakeholders as move forward

Tips for Winning an Award

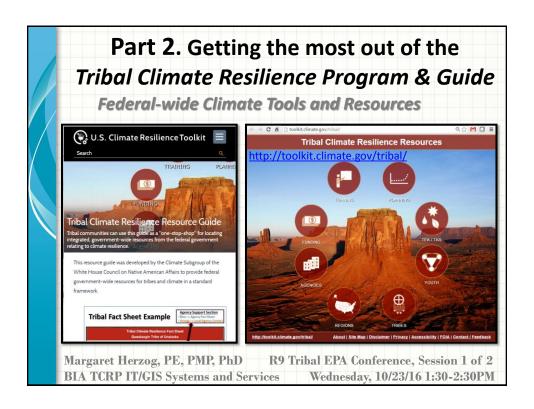
- Include short, alluring executive summary
- List a variety of partners
- Leverage other agency and group funds
- Provide Tribal Cost share
- Don't ask for maximum limit, if can do it for less, think about an interative process, so just year-by-year need
- Detail budget and cost share for all items same sheet
- Make schedule and milestones clear
- List work products an adaptation plan, vulnerability assessment, datasets, maps, etc.
- Provide resumes and letters of support
- Focus on community capacity building, not research

BIA Climate Program Highlights

- Federal agencies will work to improve coordinated tribal support
- BIA is the designated federal lead agency to support tribes
- BIA Climate Coordinator position is currently vacant
- BIA Climate Website, News, Portal, Services, Network Expanding
- BIA placing tribal liaisons in DOI Climate Science Centers (CSCs)
- Join! Your DOI Landscape Conservation Cooperatives (LCCs) and Free! TCUs may join Cooperative Ecosystem Studies Units
- Join! BIA Climate News to know when to
 APPLY! for FY17 Climate Funding

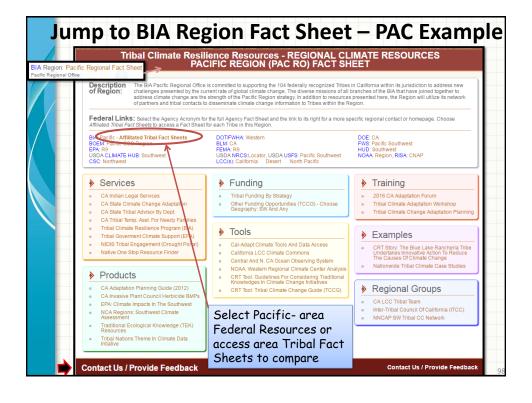
Contact Margaret.Herzog@bia.gov (720) 484-3353 to schedule a WebEx for climate tools, resources, or mapping / modeling needs

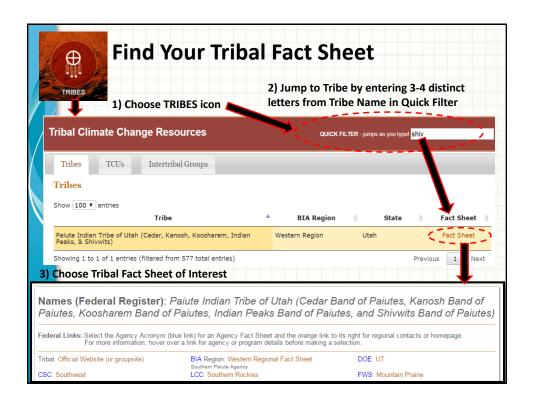
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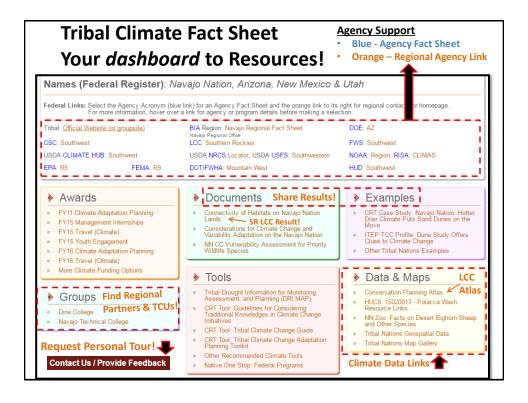


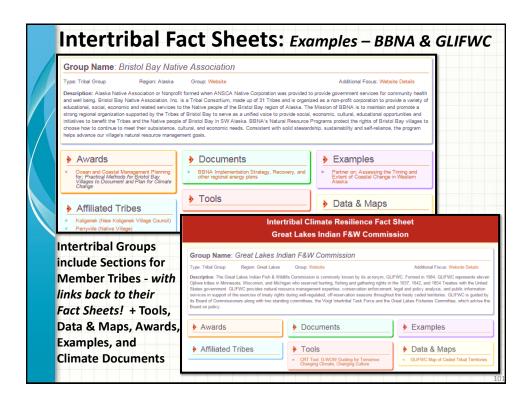


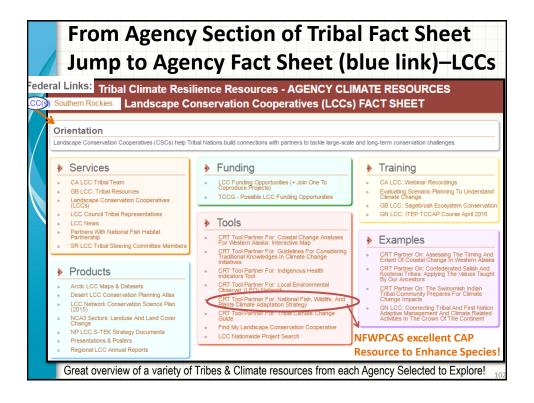


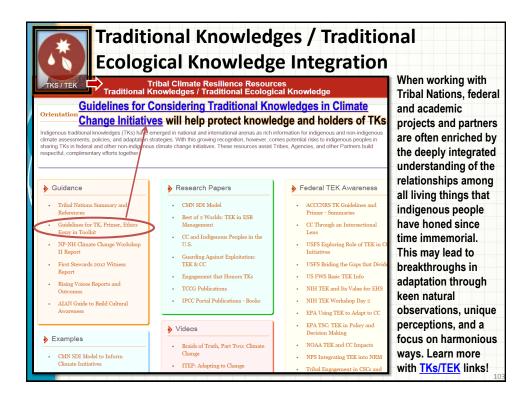


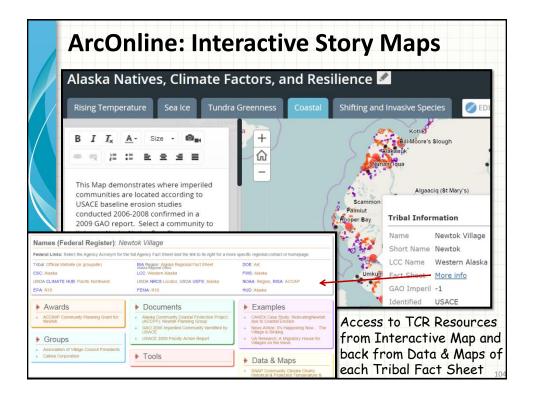


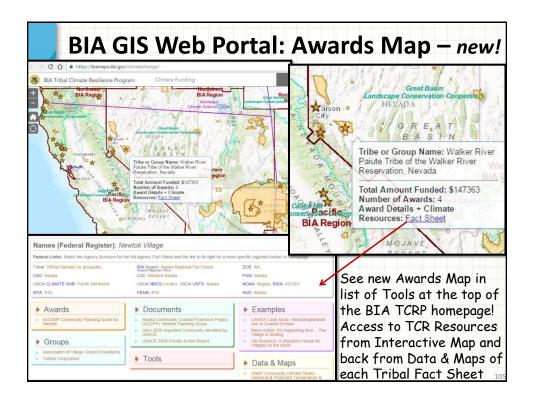


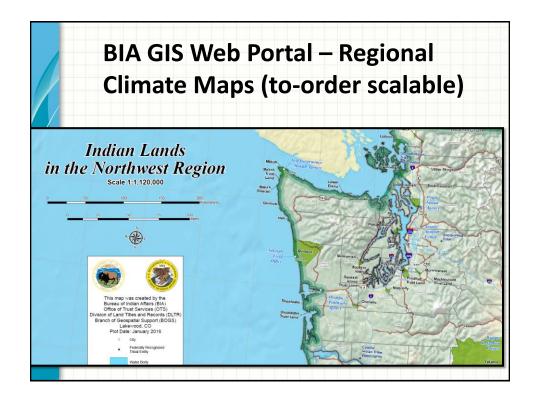




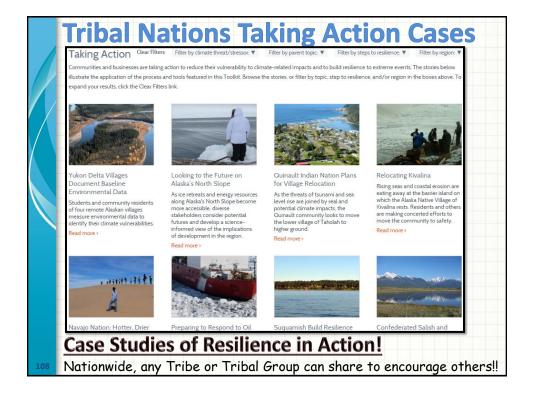


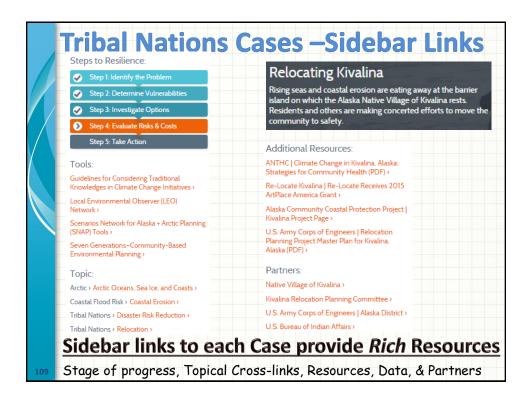




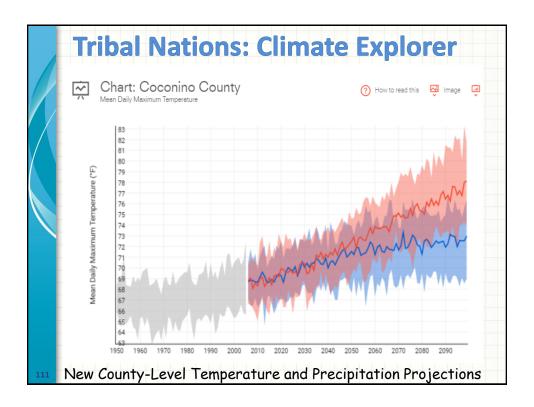




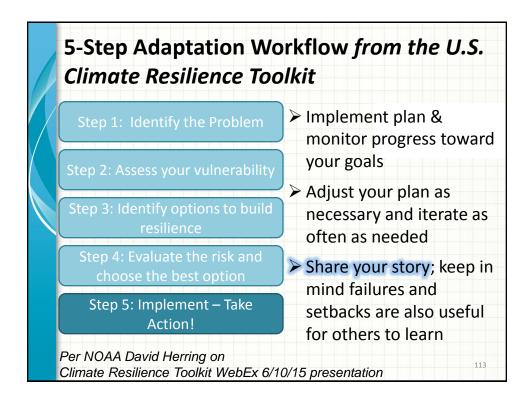


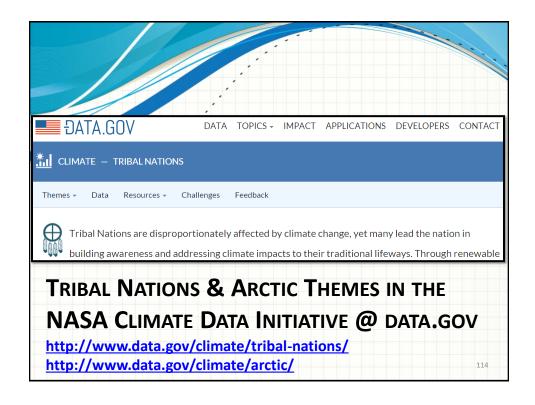




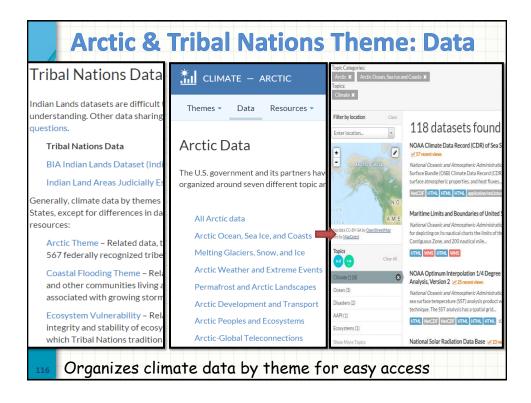


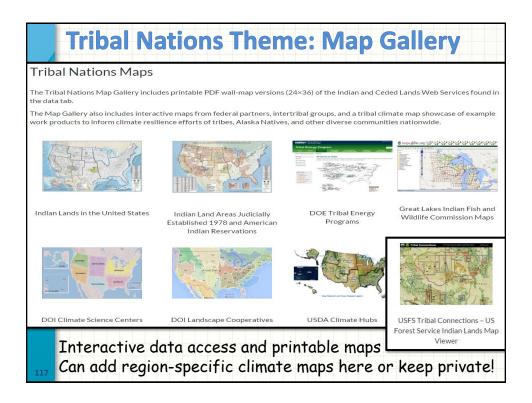
Tribal Nations Tools > Guidelines for Considering Traditional Knowledges > NWF Climate Smart Conservation > NAU ITEP Adaptation Planning Toolkit > ANTHC Local Environmental Observers Network > (Swinomish) Indigenous Health Indicators > ANTHC 7 Generations Community Env. Planning > GWOW Guiding for Tomorrow Sci & TK Integration > Ocean Acidification Curriculum Collection > EPA Tribal-FERST Environmental Issues Solver Other Recommended Tools to Include??? Please recommend other tribal tools to assist the nation

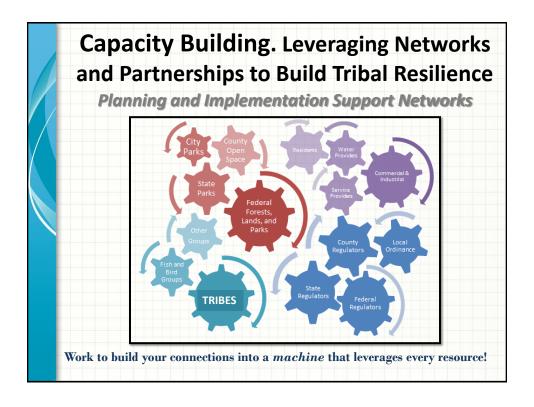


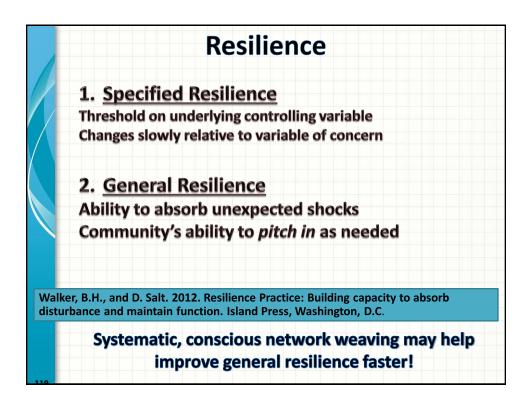


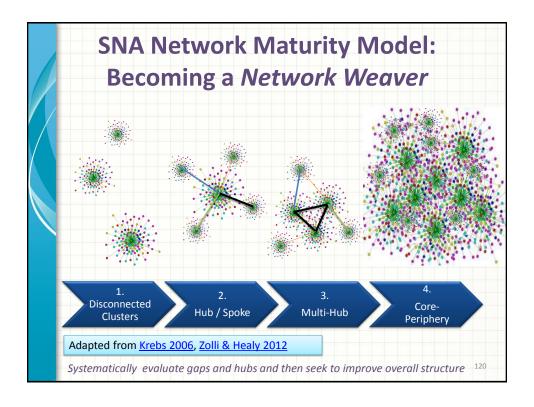














Building Resilience for Future Generations

Onondaga Nation, Chief Oren Lyons

When you sit and you council for the welfare of the people, think not of yourself nor of your family nor even your generation. Make your decisions on behalf of the seventh generation coming. Those faces looking up from the earth, layer upon layer, waiting their time.



The Future is Looking to Us
Photo and Caption by Art Ivanhoff
Bearing Sea Alliance, LLC
http://www.beringseaalliance.com

Quote from Lyons, O. April 2008. Oren Lyons: Looking Toward the Seventh Generation. Presentation, American Indian Studies Program, University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona https://nnidatabase.org/db/video/oren-lyons-looking-toward-seventh-generation

Thank you, make sure to contact me with questions and ideas....

Margaret T. Herzog

PE, PMP, PhD (< Link to dissertation)</pre>

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U.S. Department of the Interior, <u>Bureau of Indian Affairs</u> (Contractor)

<u>Tribal Climate Resilience Program IT / GIS Systems & Services</u>

<u>Sealaska</u> - Values in Action (representing the Tlingit, Haida and Tsimshian of SE AK)

<u>MBS</u> - Sealaska Diversity IT Solutions

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